

Language / Sprache

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Geodetic Development Kit GeoDLL

Dynamic Link Library for software developer

GeoDLL supports the development of geodetic software on many platforms by providing geodetic functions. GeoDLL contains precise calculations of the themes Coordinate Transformation, Distance Calculation, Digital Elevation Model, NTV2 handling and BeTA2007 support, Direct / Inverse solutions, Map functions, Time Zone calculations and geodetic converting functions.

GeoDLL performs Coordinate Transformations fast and with high accuracy. For this purpose the DLL supports thousands of worldwide Coordinate Systems, geodetic Reference Systems, Reference System Transitions (geodetic datum shifts) and Meridian Strip Transitions, user-defined systems, 2D/3D transformations, INSPIRE, NTV2, HARN, BeTA2007, EPSG, GPS, Continental Drift and more.

The operating system WINDOWS provides software developers the opportunity to use prepared functions of third-parties in their own software applications. Thus, geodetic functions of GeoDLL can be linked to programs written in C, C++, C#, Java, Delphi, MS-Access, Visual Basic, CA-Visual Objects or which are written in other programming languages. To support the GeoDLL, examples and interfaces with source code for many commonly used programming languages are provided.

GeoDLL comes with extensive documentation and is supplied as DLL file or as C++ source code for 32bit and 64bit architectures. The DLL works with most programming languages and it can be used with Microsoft Office programs. The DLL is written in C++ and was developed with Microsoft Visual Studio. Thus very fast performance, compact code and high stability are assured. The geodesic functions of GeoDLL are arranged in function groups that can be licensed separately.

Coordinate and Reference systems (datum shifts) supported by GeoDLL

An actual list of all coordinate and reference systems supported by GeoDLL in English language you find on KilletSoft's website http://www.killetsoft.de/p_gdll_e.htm or after installation in the GeoDLL help file.

Worldwide Coordinate Transformations

The most important application of GeoDLL is to include professional coordinate transformations in own programs. These coordinate and reference systems are supported:

- The current and historical Systems of all countries of the European Union (EU)
- The Coordinate Reference Systems of the European non-EU countries
- The European ETRS89 systems forced by INSPIRE
- The US and Canadian NTV2, HARN and SPCS Coordinate Reference Systems
- The Coordinate Reference Systems of most countries of all continents
- The Coordinate Reference Systems of Austria and Switzerland incl. NTV2

- The Coordinate Reference Systems of the old and new German Federal States
- The German 'Lagestatus' Coordinate Reference Systems
- The special Reference Systems of the German Federal States
- The German BeTA2007 and the NTV2 Reference Systems of the Federal States
- The 40 Soldner Coordinate Systems of the Prussian Land Registers
- The Geographic coordinates in different notations and Cartesian coordinates
- Worldwide NTV2 grid file supported Coordinate Transformations
- Worldwide used numeric and alphanumeric Coordinate Systems
- ITRS annual realizations or WGS84 epochs for GPS measurements
- WGS84 Coordinate Transformations in consideration of the continental drift
- User defined Coordinate Systems, Reference Systems and earth ellipsoids

A detailed list of the supported coordinate and reference systems you can find below.

Scope of services of the function groups

The services of GeoDLL are grouped in function groups, which can be separately licensed and purchased.

- Function group "Coordinate Transformations"
 - Coordinate Transformation
 - Reference System Transition
 - Meridian Strip Transition
 - 2D and 3D Coordinate Transformation
 - Helmert and Molodensky Reference System Transition
 - NTV2 and HARN grid file support
 - Forward and backward transformations
 - Numeric and alphanumeric coordinates
 - Geographic and Cartesian coordinates
 - Many projections (also rarely used ones)
 - Thousands of predefined systems (see below)
 - Use of EPSG codes
 - Use of Measurement Units
- Additional function group "NTV2 Grid Data"
 - Predefined NTV2 Reference Systems
 - Embedding of any NTV2 grid files
 - Support of Polygonal Validity Scopes in NTV2 files
 - ASCII grid files (.gsa) and binary grid files (.gsb)
 - Conversion of ASCII grid files to binary grid files
 - Determining the parameters of a NTV2 grid file
 - Determining of NTV2 file names matching a reference system
 - Automatically allocation of NTV2 files from a common directory
 - Download of many NTV2 files from the KilletSoft website
 - Links to NTV2 providers on the KilletSoft website
 - HARN grid files of the U.S. supported as equivalent NTV2 grid files
 - Free use of some NTV2 files, which otherwise are available for a fee
 - Access to NTV2 files, which are specially licensed for KilletSoft
- Function group "User definitions"
 - Custom coordinate systems for many projections
 - 16 possible projection types
 - Orthogonal Output Device Projection (Pixel calculation)
 - Custom reference systems
 - Coordinate Frame Rotation (Seven parameters, Helmert)
 - Position Vector Transformation (Seven parameters, Bursa-Wolf)
 - European Standard (Seven parameters, ISO 19111)

- Molodensky (Three parameters)
- Custom earth ellipsoids
 - Semi major and minor axes
 - Flattening
- Function group "Parameter determination"
 - Determination of GeoDLL codes equivalent to EPSG codes
 - Parameter, notation and range validity of Coordinate Systems
 - Parameters of Reference Systems and Reference System Transitions
 - Semi-axes and flattening of Earth Ellipsoids
 - Designation and parameter of Measurement Units
 - Formatted text representation of a Coordinate Reference System
- Function group "Distance calculations"
 - Distance between coordinates on the ellipsoid
 - Distance between coordinates on the sphere
 - Distance between UTM coordinates
 - Destination point from start point, bearing, distance on ellipsoid
 - Destination point from start point, bearing, distance on sphere
 - UTM destination point from UTM start point, bearing and distance
 - Vincenty's Direct and Inverse Position Computation
 - Distance, forward bearing, backward bearing
- Function group "Notation calculations"
 - Conversions of Geographic Coordinates
 - Decimal notation (degree)
 - Gradual notation (DMS)
 - Nautical notation (DM)
 - Second notation
 - Gonal notation
 - Exact rounding of Geographic Coordinates
- Function group "Map calculations"
 - Parameters of the Topographic Maps 1:25000 to 1:200000
 - Determination of TK25 numbers from ordinates
 - Determination of map corner coordinates of a TK
 - Determine TK50, TK100 und TKU200 numbers from a TK25 number
- Function group "Elevation calculations"
 - Calculation of elevations from the 3 sec. elevation model CGIAR
 - Calculation of elevations from the 30 sec. elevation model GLOBE
 - Conversion of CGIAR ASCII files to binary files
 - "Ready for Use" Digital Elevation Model data delivery service
 - Detailed Information about the Digital Elevation Models in the help file
 - Links to CGIAR and GLOBE providers on the KilletSoft website
- Function group "Transformation parameter"
 - Calculation of Seven Helmert parameters from identical points
 - Calculation of Three Molodensky parameters from identical points
 - Calculation of outliers in a group of identical points
 - Calculation of the residuals from a group of identical points
 - Calculation of the "Maximum Spatial Residual" from a group of residuals
 - Calculation of the "Average Spatial Residual" from a group of residuals
 - Calculation of the "Root Mean Square Residual" (RMS) from residuals
- Function group "Time Zone Calculations"
 - List of Time Zones with designation, UTC and time zone index
 - Exact Time Zone calculation from coordinates using a shape file

- Fast Time Zone calculation from coordinates using a 0,1 degree grid file
- Optional inclusion of 3, 12, 24 and 200 mile territorial limits
- Determination of a time zone index from a coordinate
- Determination of Time Zone designation from time zone index
- Calculation of UTC, DST und Daylight Saving start and end dates
- Group of other (free) functions
 - Input of the unlock parameter
 - Information about GeoDLL, provider, author and licensee
 - Latest error code and error description
 - Language selection (English, German) for all text returns
 - Switch for use or non-use
 - of Coordinate System range validity check
 - of internal error handling
 - of multithreading environment
 - of the output of messages to the EventLog
 - of fast Static Variables
 - of the automatic memory management
 - of the event handling in time-intensive functions

Source and target Coordinate Reference Systems

- Worldwide and country-specific Coordinate Reference Systems
- Current and historical Coordinate Reference Systems
- Numeric and alphanumeric Coordinate Systems
- UTMRef, GEOREF, QTH, BNG und ING with different grid mesh sizes
- INSPIRE systems, ITRS annual realizations, WGS84 epochs, GPS coordinates
- 2D and 3D Coordinate Transformations
- Use of EPSG codes of the Coordinate Reference Systems
- Selection of the meridian strip with UTM and Gauss-Krueger coordinates
- UTM and Gauss-Krueger coordinates with and without meridian strip number
- Use of measurement units
- Monitoring of range limits
- Option for the automatic assignment of a Reference System to the Coordinate System
- Calculation of Helmert and Molodensky parameter sets from identical points

Quality

- Strict formulas of Schatz, Schuhr, Klotz and Hooijberg
- Transformation parameters of the Surveying Authorities of the respective countries
- Consideration of the EPSG specifications
- Helmert Seven Parameter Bursa-Wolf and Molodensky Reference System Transitions
- Exact NTV2 transformations for many countries
- High-precision NTV2 transformations for the German Federal States

Special features

- 32bit and 64bit architecture
- Network capability
- Multithreading capability
- Server capacity
- CITRIX support
- EventLog handling

Help System

- Detailed electronic manual

- Uniformly geodetic terms in all text outputs and in the electronic manual
- Explanation of geodetic terms in the glossary
- Online FAQ section for common questions
- Detailed list with predefined Coordinate Reference Systems
- Coordinate Systems and Reference Systems in the list have numerical GeoDLL keys
- Hierarchical structure of the list by continent, country, Coordinate System, Reference System
- Additional alphabetic list

Multilingualism

- Text outputs in English and German
- User manual in English and German

Application Program Interfaces and Sample Programs

- Template of a Visual Studio C/C++ Project
- Sample of a C++ interface
- Sample of a Visual Basic interface
- Sample of a Delphi interface
- Sample of a CA-Visual Objects interface
- Sample of a C# interface (NET Framework)
- Sample program in C++
- Sample program in CA-Visual Objects
- Sample of a function call in C++ syntax
- Sample of a function call in Visual Basic syntax

More possibilities

- Possibility to download NTv2 files from the KilletSoft website
- Configuration of user defined Coordinate Systems
- Configuration of user defined Reference Systems and ellipsoids
- Possibility of a service contract for phone and email support
- Possibility to use the automated information service via email
- Transfer of transformation parameter sets from the SEVENPAR program

Before installing...

Favor of the actuality KilletSoft abstains from expensive digital signatures. A signature is only valid for one specific program version. But KilletSoft uploads several times a month improved programs immediately as new versions to the Internet. KilletSoft guarantees the integrity and virus-check of all programs, which are downloaded from the KilletSoft-website. The message "Unknown Publisher" can thus be ignored confidently.

Installation

The files of the Dynamic Link Library GeoDLL are stored in compressed form in a directory of a CD ROM or in a ZIP file downloadable from the Internet . In order to be able to use the library, it must be installed first.

The installation can be executed under Microsoft WINDOWS 2000, NT, XP, VISTA, 7, 8 and future compatible operating systems.

For the installation of the library from a CD ROM or from an other data medium please execute the install program geodll_setup.exe, which is stored in the GeoDLL directory of the data medium.

After downloading from www and unpacking the file GeoDLL.ZIP, please execute the install

program geodll_setup.exe for installing the library GeoDLL on your system.

It is important to close all open applications except the windows explorer before starting the installation. Still open applications could use files, to which the installation program must have access during the installation.

After the installation all necessary files and the detailed documentation are available in the GeoDLL installation directory and in the subdirectories created by the install program.

To be able to use functions of GeoDLL in your application, the files geodll32.dll or geodll64.dll and geodllbn.bin must be available in the start directory of your application.

The provided interface files help you to integrate the geodetic functions of GeoDLL into the programming language of your choice. Further exemplary interfaces and programming examples for different programming languages are contained in the provided Help File GeoDLL_e.chm in the chapter "Definition and Interface Files".

Unlocking

After the installation GeoDLL is present as a limited test version. After the start of your application nearly all functions from the DLL can be called without reservation for a few times. For testing the executability of the DLL and testing the operability of the DLL functions it should be enough. The test version also displays a small message box. For further tests the application must be started again.

To be able to use the functions of the DLL without any reservation you must buy the unlock codes of the function groups you needed. The unlock code is implemented inside your application by the call of the DLL function setunlockcode(<unlock code>, <licensee designation>). Afterwards all functions of the unlocked function groups can be called without any temporal restriction. A new installation of GeoDLL is not necessary!

Examples program

In the GeoDLL start menu folder you find a small executable program named geotest.exe, which demonstrates some geodetic functions. You find the source code of the program in the file geotest.prg, which is written in the programming language CA-VO.

Price list

Prices and a purchase order form for the order of the unrestricted full version of the GeoDLL functions you will find in the GeoDLL start menu folder or in the GeoDLL installation directory. For fast shipping you can order the unrestricted full version of the GeoDLL with our internet online order form.

Geodetic functions contained in GeoDLL

"Coordinate Transformations" function group

- Function coordtrans() - 2D Coordinate transform. / Reference System Transition, num. / alphanum. (char**)
- Function coordtrans2() - 2D Coordinate transform. / Reference System Transition, num. / alphanum. (char*)
- Function coordtrans3() - 2D Coordinate Transformation / Reference System Transition, only numeric, notations
- Function coordtrans4() - 2D Coordinate Transformation / Reference System Transition, only numeric, no notations
- Function coordtransex() - 2D Coordinate transform. / Reference System Transition, reduced eastings
- Function coordtrans3d() - 3D Coordinate transf. / Reference System Transition, num. /

alphanum. (char**)

- Function coordtrans3d2() - 3D Coordinate transf. / Reference System Transition, num. / alphanum. (char*)
- Function coordtrans3d3() - 3D Coordinate Transformation / Reference System Transition, only numeric
- Function coordtrans3d4() - 3D Coordinate Transformation / Reference System Transition, only numeric, no notations
- Function coordtrans3dex() - 3D Coordinate transform. / Reference System Transition, reduced eastings
- Function coordtransepsg() - EPSG code Coordinate Transformation / Datum shift
- Function meritrans() - Meridian strip change with GK und UTM coordinates
- Function setcoordarea() - Coordinate System range validity check on / off

"NTv2 Grid Data" function group

(additional requires the unlocked function group "Coordinate Transformations")

- Function convntvascii2bin() - Convert a NTv2 ASCII file to a binary file
- Function getntvbinaryfile() - Determination of NTv2 file names matching a reference system
- Function getntvdirmatch() - Determination of a matching NTv2 file in a common directory
- Function getntvgridcount() - Determination of the count of subgrids contained in a NTv2 file
- Function getntvgridheader() - Determination of the header parameter of a NTv2 subgrid
- Function getntvheader() - Determination of the header parameter of a NTv2 file
- Function getntvrefbelong() - Determination of the second NTv2 Reference System
- Function getntvrefequiv() - Determination of an NTv2 equivalent Reference System
- Function getntvrefstatus() - Determination of the NTv2 membership of a Reference System
- Function setntvbinaryfile() - Initializes a NTv2 grid data binary file for Reference System Transitions
- Function setntvbinautodir() - Sets a directory for the automatically use of NTv2 binary files
- Function setntvbinautofile() - Sets a NTv2 grid binary file for automatically call in a wait position
- Funktion setntvpolyvalid() - Sets Polygonal Validity Check in NTv2 files

"User definitions" function group

- Function setusercoordsys1() - Setup of a user defined Coordinate System
- Function setusercoordsys2() - Setup of a 2nd user defined Coordinate System
- Function setuserrefsys() - Setup of a user defined Reference System
- Function setuserellsource() - Setup of a user defined source ellipsoid
- Function setuserelltarget() - Setup of a user defined target ellipsoid
- Function getusercoordpar() - Get parameter names of a user defined Coordinate System
- Function getusercoordtyp() - Get type name of a user defined Coordinate System

"Parameter determination" function group

- Function getepsg2geodll() - Determining GeoDLL codes equivalent to EPSG code
- Function getepsgcrsname() - Determining the designation of an EPSG CRS
- Function getcoordname() - Coordinate System name
- Function getcoordsys() - Formatted Coordinate System parameters
- Function getcoordform() - 2D Coordinate System coordinates notation
- Function getcoordform3d() - 3D Coordinate System coordinates notation
- Function getcoordaxis() - 2D Coordinate System axes names

- Function `getcoordaxis3d()` - 3D Coordinate System axes names
- Function `getcoordarea()` - Range validity of a Coordinate System
- Function `getcoordstdrefsys()` - Default Reference System of a Coordinate System
- Function `getcoordstdunitpar()` - Default Measurement Unit of a Coordinate System
- Function `getcoordproj()` - Projection method number of a Coordinate System
- Function `getcoordstrstatus()` - Determining Coordinate System is a strip system
- Function `getrefname()` - Reference System name
- Function `getrefsys()` - Formatted Reference System parameters
- Function `getellname()` - Ellipsoid name
- Function `getellsys()` - Formatted ellipsoid parameters
- Function `getellsource()` - Source ellipsoid demi-axes
- Function `getelltarget()` - Target ellipsoid demi-axes
- Function `getunitname()` - Designation of a Measurement Unit
- Function `getunitpar()` - Calculation constant of a Measurement Unit

"Distance calculations" function group

- Function `distancegeo()` - Distance between geographic coordinates on the ellipsoid
- Function `distancesphere()` - Distance between geographic coordinates on the sphere
- Function `distanceutm()` - Distance between UTM coordinates on the ellipsoid
- Function `point2pointgeo()` - Dest. point on ellipsoid from start point, bearing, distance
- Function `point2pointsphere()` - Dest. point on sphere from start point, bearing, distance
- Function `point2pointutm()` - UTM dest. point from UTM start point, bearing and distance
- Function `vincentydirect()` - Vincentys Direct Position Computation
- Function `vincentyinverse()` - Vincentys Inverse Position Computation

"Notation calculations" function group

- Function `umfd2g()` - Translates decimal notation to degrees notation
- Function `umfd2gn()` - Translates decimal notation to gonal notation
- Function `umfd2n()` - Translates decimal notation to nautical notation
- Function `umfd2s()` - Translates decimal notation to seconds notation
- Function `umfg2d()` - Translates degrees notation to decimal notation
- Function `umfgn2d()` - Translates gonal notation to decimal notation
- Function `umfn2d()` - Translates nautical notation to decimal notation
- Function `umfs2d()` - Translates seconds notation to decimal notation
- Function `umfroundg()` - Accurate rounding of degrees coordinates
- Function `umfroundn()` - Accurate rounding of nautical coordinates

"Map calculations" function group

- Function `kartgeo2tk()` - Determine TK25 number from geographic coordinates
- Function `karttk2geo()` - Determine corner map coordinates from TK25 number
- Function `karttknum()` - Determine TK50, TK100 und TKÜ200 from a TK25 number

"Elevation calculations" function group

- Function `getelevation03()` - Elevation from the 3 sec. elevation model CGIAR
- Function `getelevation30()` - Elevation from the 30 sec. elevation model GLOBE
- Function `getelevation33()` - Elevation from 3/30 sec. elevation model CGIAR/GLOBE
- Function `setelev03datapath()` - Sets the data path for the elevation model CGIAR
- Function `setelev30datapath()` - Sets the data path for the elevation model GLOBE
- Function `convelev03ascii2bin()` - Convert a CGIAR ASCII file to a binary file

"Transformation Parameter" function group

- Function `gettranshelmert()` - Calculation of Seven Helmert Parameter

- Function `gettransmolodensky()` - Calculation of Three Molodensky Parameter
- Function `gettransoutliers()` - Calculation of outliers
- Function `gettransresiduals()` - Calculation of the residuals
- Function `gettransresidualmax()` - Calculation of the "Maximum Spatial Residual"
- Function `gettransresidualaverage()` - Calculation of the "Average Spatial Residual"
- Function `gettransresidualrms()` - Calculation of the "Root Mean Square Residual" (RMS)

"Time Zone Calculations" function group

- Function `settzshapefile()` - Initialize and test a shapefile for time zone calculations
- Function `gettzcurrentbynum()` - Determ. of current time zone param. from GeoDLL index
- Function `gettznamebynum()` - Determ. of a time zone designation from a GeoDLL index
- Function `gettznumbycoordexact()` - Exact determination of GeoDLL index from a coordinate
- Function `gettznumbycoordfast()` - Fast determination of GeoDLL index from a coordinate
- Function `gettzparbynum()` - Determination of common time zone param. from GeoDLL index

Not locked other functions

- Function `getauthor()` - Copyright and program author's address
- Function `getdisclaimer()` - Disclaimer reference for GeoDLL
- Function `getdllversion()` - GeoDLL version number
- Function `geterrorcode()` - Latest error description
- Function `getlicensee()` - Licensee identification
- Function `setcoordarea()` - Coordinate System range validity check on / off
- Function `seteventloop()` - Event handling in time-intensive functions on / off
- Function `setinternerrsys()` - Internal error handler on / off
- Function `setlanguage()` - Language selection for all text returns
- Function `setmultithreading()` - Usage in a multithreading environment on / off
- Function `setsilence()` - Output of messages to the EventLog on / off
- Function `setstaticuse()` - Usage of fast Static Variables on / off
- Function `setstringallocate()` - Automatic memory management on / off
- Function `setunlockcode()` - Input of the unlock parameter

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